JUN 25 1945

#### IN THE

# Supreme Court of the United States

October Term, 1944.

No. 168

LONDON WEATHERPROOFS, INC.,

Petitioner,

VS.

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Respondent.

Petition for Writ of Certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit and Brief in Support of Petition.

DAVID J. SHORB, Counsel for Petitioner.

Kenneth Carroad, B. R. Dreyer, Of Counsel.



# SUBJECT INDEX.

	PAGE
Petition for Writ of Certiorari	1
Summary Statement of Matter Involved	1
Jurisdictional Statement	3
Questions Presented	3
Reasons Relied on for Allowance of Writ	3
Prayer for Writ	4
Brief in Support of Petition for Writ	5
Opinions of Courts Below	5
Jurisdiction	5
Statement of Case	5
Specification of Errors	5
Argument	6
Summary of Argument	6
Point I.—The Circuit Court's decision is in direct conflict with decisions of the Third Circuit and District Courts in other circuits, on the question as to whether Sections 902 and 903 of the Revenue Act of 1936 and Regulations 96 require the submission of evidence to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in support of a claim for refund of taxes paid under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1933	6
don the Agricultural Admstment Act of 1955	0

#### TABLE OF CASES AND STATUTES CITED.

Please refer to Table of Cases and Statutes Cited in petition and brief filed on behalf of petitioner in Louis F. Hall & Co., Inc. v. U. S.

#### IN THE

# Supreme Court of the United States

OCTOBER TERM, 1944.

LONDON WEATHERPROOFS, INC., Petitioner,

vs.

No. . . . . . . .

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Respondent.

#### Petition for Writ of Certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit and Brief in Support of Petition.

To the Honorable Harlan F. Stone, Chief Justice of the United States and the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States:

Your petitioner respectfully shows:

## Summary Statement of Matter Involved.

An order granting respondent's motion for summary judgment was entered by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of New York on April 24, 1944 (R. p. 52). This order was affirmed by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit on April 9, 1945 (R. p. 58). Petitioner prays that a writ of certiorari issue to review said affirmance.

On June 30, 1937 petitioner filed with the office of the Collector of Internal Revenue, Second District of New York, an amended claim for refund of \$268.39 paid as compensating taxes under the provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1933, with an affidavit of the Secretary of the petitioner-corporation attached (R. p. 10). On March 30, 1939 petitioner was notified that its amended claim for refund (P. T. Form 77) had been rejected on the ground that petitioner had not submitted evidence sufficient to establish that it bore the burden of the tax, refund of which was claimed, as required by Section 902 of the Revenue Act of 1936 and Regulations 96 (R. pp. 23-24).

On March 13, 1941 petitioner instituted suit in the District Court for the refund of the compensating taxes paid as aforesaid (R. p. 2). After answer, respondent moved for summary judgment (R. p. 34) on the complaint, answer and affidavit of M. F. Snider, theretofore filed (R. p. 8). The District Court granted the motion for summary judgment on the grounds, as appear in the opinion (R. pp. 43-45) that (1) Section 903 of the Revenue Act of 1936 required the petitioner to submit evidence to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in support of its claim, from which the Commissioner could ascertain whether petitioner was entitled to a refund, and (2) that petitioner having failed to submit such evidence to the Commissioner, could not upon a trial of the action offer evidence to establish that fact. Relying on Samara v. U. S., 129 F. (2d) 594 (C. C. A. 2d, 1942), the Court held that facts which were not presented to the Commissioner could not be produced at the trial and that in effect its province was to review only such evidence as was presented to the Commissioner.

A motion for reargument was made on November 23, 1943 (R. pp. 45-46) and denied on December 11, 1943 (R. p. 51). An order was entered on said decision on April 24, 1944 granting respondent's motion for summary judgment (R. p. 52).

ment (R. p. 52).

The Circuit Court affirmed the judgment of the District Court (April 9, 1945) on the authority of Samara v. U. S. supra, and Louis F. Hall & Co., Inc. v. U. S., decided the same day (R. p. 58). The affirmance of the Circuit Court in the instant case was simultaneous with its affirmance of the judgment in the Hall case. The basis of the affirmance in both is the Samara case. Since the Circuit Court in the instant case referred to its opinion in the Hall case, simultaneously rendered by it, basing its opinion on said case as well, and since the petition and brief for writ of certiorari in the Hall case is being filed simultaneously with that in the instant case, this petitioner begs leave to refer to said petition and brief in the Hall case wherever possible in the interests of brevity and time saving for this Court. Wherever such references are made, this petitioner incorporates same into this petition and brief as though made a part hereof.

#### Jurisdictional Statement.

This Court is respectfully referred to the "Jurisdictional Statement" contained in the *Hall* petition, which statement is hereby adopted as and for the Jurisdictional Statement of the petitioner herein and made a part hereof.

# Questions Presented.

This Court is respectfully referred to the statement of "Questions Presented" in the *Hall* petition, which statement is hereby adopted as the statement of Questions Presented of the petitioner herein and made a part hereof.

## Reasons Relied on for Allowance of Writ.

This Court is respectfully referred to the statement of "Reasons Relied on for Allowance of Writ" contained in the *Hall* petition, which statement is hereby adopted as

Reasons Relied on for Allowance of Writ of the petitioner herein and made a part hereof.

Wherefore, your petitioner prays that a writ of certiorari issue under the seal of this court, directed to the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit, commanding said court to certify and send to this court a full and complete transcript of the record and of the proceedings of the said Circuit Court had in the case entitled on its docket London Weatherproofs, Inc., Appellant v. The United States of America, Appellee, to the end that this cause may be reviewed and determined by this court as provided for by the statutes of the United States; and that the judgment herein of said Circuit Court be reversed by this court, and for such further relief as this court may deem proper.

Dated: .....

DAVID J. SHORB, Counsel for Petitioner.

